DMSTT01

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, , JUNE/JULY - 2019 (First Year) STATISTICS

Probability and Distribution Theory

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Answer any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- *Q1*) a) State and prove Borel-Cantelli lemma.
 - b) What is mathematical expectation? Explain.
- **Q2)** a) What is distribution functions? Explain.
 - b) State and prove inversion theorem.
- **Q3)** a) Explain chebyshev and khintchin's laws.
 - b) Discuss about the kolmogorov's strong law of large numbers for independent random variables.
- **Q4)** a) Explain the types of convergence with inter relations.
 - b) State and prove of central limit theorem of Levy and Lindeberg.
- **Q5)** a) What is m-g-t? Explain its characteristics.
 - b) What is compound binomial? Explain.

- **Q6)** a) Explain the properties of interrelations of multinomial.
 - b) Discuss about the characteristics of discrete distribution.
- **Q7)** a) What is log normal distribution? Explain?
 - b) What is laplace distribution? obtain its mean and variance.
- **Q8)** a) Derive m-g-f of log normal distribution.
 - b) What is m-g-f? Explain.
- **Q9)** a) Explain the distribution of non-central chi-square.
 - b) Explain about the order statistic distribution function.
- a) Derive the joint p.d.f. of $\left|X_{(1)}, X_{(2)}, X_{(n)}\right|$.
 - b) Explain the distribution of non-central F.



M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year) STATISTICS

Statistical Inference

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Answer any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- **Q1)** a) Explain the terms and give an example in each.
 - i) Consistent statistic
 - ii) Sufficient statistic.
 - b) State and prove factorization theorem.

Q2)

- a) Let $x_1, x_2,...x_n$ be a random sample from the distribution with p.d.f $f_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{\beta \alpha}$, if $\alpha < x < \beta$ when $\theta = (\alpha, \beta)$ and $0 < \alpha < \beta$ obtain MVU estimators of $\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$ and $(\beta \alpha)$.
- b) State and prove Lehmann Scheffe theorem.
- **Q3)** a) Obtain the m.l. estimate of the binomial parameter P and show that it actually provides a supremum of the likelihood funtions.
 - b) Distinguish between point and interval estimator.
- **Q4)** a) Obtain confidence limits for the parameter μ in N(μ ,1) with confidence coefficient (1- α)
 - b) Explain the method of moments in detail.
- **Q5)** a) Explain the concept of monotone likelyhood Ratio.
 - b) State and prove Neyman Pearson lemma.

- **Q6)** a) Explain critical functions MP lists.
 - b) Discuss about the relationship between testing and interval of estimation.
- **Q7)** a) State and prove Wald-Wolfowitz run test.
 - b) What are the applications of Wilcoxon test? Explain its procedure.
- **Q8)** a) Using the number or runs above and below the median, test for randomness the following set of a table of 2-digit numbers.

- b) Explain how median list is differentiate in testing two means? Also write the procedure of median list.
- **Q9)** a) Explain the sequential procedure of testing of hypothesis. Let X be a random variable having the p.m.f. $f_0(x)$ $\theta^{(x)} (1-\theta)^x$, x = 0, 1. Determine the SPR test for tyting H_0 : $\theta = \theta_0$ against H_1 : $\theta = \theta_1$. Obtain the expression for its OC and ASN functions.
 - b) Explain Wald's SPR test and its OC and ASN functions.
- **Q10)** a) Define OC and ASN functions of the SPRT.
 - b) Derive SPR test to test the parameter of a poisson distribution, obtain its OC and ASN functions.



DMSTT03

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year) STATISTICS

Sampling Theory

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Answer any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- **Q1)** a) Explain sampling and non-sampling errors.
 - b) What is the difference between enumeration survey and sample survey? Explain the features of sample survey?
- **Q2)** a) What are the important aspects should be considered at planning sample survey?
 - b) What is a simple random sample? Mention the various methods of drawing a random sample.
- **Q3)** a) Define simple randam process. Explain its merits and drawbacks.
 - b) Explain fully the concepts of (i) sampling with replacement and (ii) sampling without replacement.
- **Q4)** a) Why stratification is important in sample determination? Explain?
 - b) How do you determine sample by Neyman allocation method.
- **Q5)** a) How do you determine sample by proportional allocation method.
 - b) How do you estimate mean and variance with systematic sampling.
- **Q6)** a) Explain cluster sampling with equal cluster sizes.
 - b) What are the features of cluster sampling? Explain?
- **07)** a) What is systematic sampling? Give illustrations where such sampling is usual.
 - b) Describe 'circular systematic sampling'.
- **Q8)** a) Write the merits and draw backs of multi-stage sampling.
 - b) Discuss about the Two-stage sampling with equal number of second stage units.
- **Q9)** a) What are the biases of ratio estimator? Explain.
 - b) Explain the comparison of the ratio estimate with the mean per unit.
- **Q10)** a) What is the differences between ratio estimate and regression estimate.
 - b) What is the conditions for optimum ratio estimate? Explain.

DMSTT04

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year) STATISTICS

Design of Experiments

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Answer any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- (Q1) a) Explain the characteristic roots and vectors of a matrix.
 - b) State and prove Cayley Hamilton theorem.
- **Q2)** a) Determine the inverse of the matrix A =
 - b) Explain Coehran's theorem for quadratic form.
- **Q3)** a) Explain the basic principles of experimentation. Examine how far these principles are met with in the LSD.
 - b) Explain in the test of a additivity of data.
- **Q4)** a) State and prove generalized Gauss-Markov theorem.
 - b) What is best linear unbiased estimate? Explain.
- **Q5)** a) Explain the ANOVA of three way classification with equal number of observations per cell.
 - b) Explain about the analysis of Co-variance of one way and two way classification.
- **Q6)** a) What are the objectives of ANOVA? Explain its practical applications.
 - b) Describe the analysis of factorial experiment involving three factors at three levels.
- **Q7)** a) Explain the principles of RBD.
 - b) Carry out the analysis of split plot design.
- **O8)** a) What is meant by mutually orthogonal latin squares? Explain its procedure.
 - b) Describe missing plot technique? Explain its applications.
- **Q9)** a) Describe the factorial method of experimentation. Explain the situation where it could be used.
 - b) Explain the analysis of 3^2 factorial experiment.
- **Q10)** a) Define BIBD. Derive its parametric relations and point out different types of BIBD.
 - b) Explain the concept of association scheme. Explain in detail about the analysis of PBIBD.