

(D 1231 LL/CL/TCL/CSL)

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(Common to all Branches)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Attempt any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks

1. Distinguish between Doctrinal and 'Non-Doctrinal' research. What are the merits and demerits of empirical research
2. Explain the various steps involved in selecting the research problem.
3. Explain the utility of sampling techniques in legal research.
4. Examine the role of "Interview Method" in respect to Legal Research.
5. Explain the importance of "QUESTIONNAIRE" as a tool in data collection in legal research.
6. Examine the importance of "Observation" as a tool for collection of data in Legal Research.

7. Explain the various aspects of a good “Research Design”.
  8. Define hypothesis and examine its significance in social research process.
  9. What kinds of problems the research would face in data processing and analysis?
  10. What is a Legal Research Report on a project? Set out its structure.
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(D 1233 TCL)

L.L.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

GENERAL THEORY AND PRINCIPLES OF TORT LIABILITY – I

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Answer any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks

1. 'Breach of duty is redressible by an action for unliquidated damages' – Discuss.
2. There can be no action for tort unless a legal damage has been caused to the plaintiff. Explain.
3. Explain the essential conditions of the term 'Strict liability' with the help of leading cases.
4. Explain the liability of the state for the torts committed by its employees with the help of illustrations.
5. Critically analyse the rule established in the M.C. Mehta Vs Union of India.
6. Discuss the principle of 'Statutory liability' in the law of tort with the help of leading cases.

7. What is negligence? To its specific tort. Explain it with the help of decided cases.
  8. Explain the law relating to doctrine of 'Contributory negligence' in law of tort.
  9. Discuss the 'Consent – Volenli non fit injuria' on a defence in tortious actions.
  10. Answer any TWO of the following:
    - (a) Fraud of servant
    - (b) Inevitable Accident
    - (c) Distinction between tort and crime
    - (d) Independent Contractor.
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(D 1234 TCL)

L.L.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

LAW OF CRIMES

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Attempt any FIVE questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

1. Define Crime. Distinguish between crime and other wrongs.
2. Critically examine the applicability of Doctrine of Mens rea to offence under Indian Penal Code of 1860.
3. What do you understand by punishment? What are the various types of punishment? What alternatives do you support to capital punishment.
4. Discuss the essential elements of the offence of murder and State the exceptions if any.
5. Define Abetment. Distinguish between abetment and Criminal conspiracy.
6. What are the three divisions of offences against property under IPC? Explain with illustrations.
7. Critically evaluate the changes that brought in the offences against women in the Indian Penal Code.

8. Bring out the difference between common intention and common object.

9. State how far "mistake of fact" can be pleaded as a defence under the Indian Penal Code.

10. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:

- (a) State responsibility to control crime
- (b) Forgery
- (c) Defamation
- (d) Hurt and Grievous Hurt

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**(D 1235 TCL)**

L.L.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

**GENERAL THEORY AND PRINCIPLES OF  
TORT LIABILITY - II**

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

1. Bring out the distinction between the English law and Indian law on the law of 'Defamation'.
2. What are the essential elements of the 'Trespass to the person' and remedies available to it.
3. Critically analyse the rule established in Baker Vs Bolton.
4. Explain the basic concepts of the tort of 'Conversion' with the help of illustration.
5. Define the term 'Deceit' in the law of tort with the help of leading cases.

6. Explain the essential elements of the tort of “Malicious prosecution” and how the quantum of damages determined in an action for ‘Malicious prosecution’.
7. Critically analyse the principle established in *Owens v/s. Liverpool Corporation*.
8. Explain the law relating to ‘False imprisonment’ in the law of tort with the help of leading cases.
9. Discuss the law relating to tort of ‘Intimidation’ with the help of illustration.
10. Answer any TWO of the following :
  - (a) Detenue
  - (b) Nuisance
  - (c) Passing off
  - (d) Liability towards lawful visitors.



(D 1236 TCL)

L.L.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION,  
NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Answer any FIVE questions

All questions carry equal marks

1. What is the law of "Confession"? At what stage such confession can be recorded?
2. What is the provision in the Code of Criminal Procedure for maintenance of wife, children and parents?
3. What is the Public nuisance? When conditional order for removal of nuisance can be passed?
4. What is meant by a "Reference"? How the case which is referred under Section 395 of the code is disposed of?
5. Explain the Constitutional validity of search and seizure.
6. What do you mean by 'arrest' and when the arrest of a person can be made with an without warrant?

7. What are the Constitutional Safeguards provided to an accused person?
8. Explain the term investigation. What are the various stages in investigating in the criminal proceedings?
9. What is the fair trial? Enumerate the various stages in a trial before a Court of Sessions.
10. Write any TWO of the following:
- (a) Adultery
  - (b) Bail and Bond
  - (c) F. I. R.
  - (d) Executive Magistrate and Judicial Magistrate
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(D 1237 LL/CL/TCL/CSL)

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021.

First Year

Common to all Branches

JURISPRUDENCE

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 70 marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

- 1.Explain the significance of jurisprudence and its relationship with political and power structures to establish a just society.
- 2.What is meant by the terms of 'laws', Civil Law'. Positive Law' and municipal Law'?
- 3.Explain the principles of utility as advocated by Sir Jermy Bentham.
- 4.Right is an interest recognised, protected and enforced by law. – Prof. Pound. Discuss.

5. The law declared by the highest court of the land comes into effect from the date of cause of action occurred in the past. However doctrine of prospective overruling appears to be an exception to this rule. Explain.
6. Explain any two external aids to construction of statute.
7. Discuss the theories of punishment with their relative merits and demerits.
8. Explain the circumstances destroying or weakening the binding force of Precedent.
9. What is the doctrine of Ratio Decidendi? Distinguish between Ratio Decedent and Obiter Dicta?
10. Answer any TWO of the following:
  - (a) Normative Science
  - (b) Source of law is volksgiest
  - (c) Rule of ejustem generis
  - (d) Oleum Gas Leak Case.

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