

Total No. of Questions : 10]

D1231LL/CL/TCL/CSL

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

First Year

COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES

Research Methodology

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any Five questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Write a critical note on identification and formulation of Research problem.
- Q2)** What is Socio-Legal Research? Explain the doctrinal and non-doctrinal Research.
- Q3)** Explain Sampling method. How systematic sampling differs from random sampling.
- Q4)** 'Observation is the oldest and the best method for data collection' - Examine.
- Q5)** Explain the procedure for the preparation of survey reports?
- Q6)** Write a note on the importance of Questionnaire.
- Q7)** What is the significance of Research Report? Give a structural outlay of Research Report. Explain its essential components.
- Q8)** What are the different types of Research Design?
- Q9)** Write a Research paper on Democracy in India? What are the challenges?
- Q10)** What do you mean by 'Hypothesis'? What is its significance?

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D1233CL

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year)

Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any Five questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Article 14 of the Constitution of India permits classification but prohibits class legislation - Discuss.
- Q2)** Examine the scope of the restrictions on the Freedom of the Press. Discuss the legal effect of restrictions on the freedom of the Press arising from regulation of the business activities of the enterprises.
- Q3)** Define State. Which comes under the definition of Article 12 and what are the developmental functions of a Government?
- Q4)** “The Right to Freedom is actually a cluster of several rights” - Explain.
- Q5)** What will happen if a law passed to enforce one of the Directive Principles, violates a Fundamental Rights?
- Q6)** Why have Fundamental Duties been included in the Constitution. What is its significance? Discuss their relation with Fundamental Rights?
- Q7)** Distinguish between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Q8)** What do you understand by the Right to Constitutional Remedies?
- Q9)** All religions will be equal before the state and no religion will be given preference over the other. Discuss.
- Q10)** What are the effects on Fundamental Rights during National and State Emergency?

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D1234CL

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year)

Centre and State Relations

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any Five questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Discuss the Administrative relations between the Centre and States.
- Q2)** Indian Constitution is neither Unitary nor Federal. Explain.
- Q3)** Discuss the procedure of election of President in India under the Indian Constitution.
- Q4)** Examine the Constitutional scheme of distribution of taxing power between Union and States.
- Q5)** Explain the borrowing power of the Government of India and of States.
- Q6)** What is the Constitutional position in case of repugnancy between the State law and the Central law?
- Q7)** “Though ‘Parliamentary Privileges’ is not mentioned as one of the grounds of reasonable restrictions in Art. 19(2), the courts in India have virtually done that” - Discuss.
- Q8)** Discuss the law relating to amendment of Indian Constitution.
- Q9)** What is meant by failure of Constitutional machinery in a State? State its effect with decided case laws?
- Q10)** Explain the scope of the original jurisdiction and advisory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India?



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D1237LL

L.L.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year)

JURISPRUDENCE

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any FIVE Questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Explain the theory of positivism as propounded by HLA Hart.
- Q2)** Elaborate the concept of “Living Law” as propounded by Ehrlich of sociological school.
- Q3)** ‘Custom is to society what law is to the state’ Elucidate on the requisites of a valid custom.
- Q4)** Critically examine the legal concept of right and duty as analysed by Hohfeldian.
- Q5)** Explain the concept of liability and distinguish between fortuous liability and contractual liabilities.
- Q6)** Explain the concept of liability and briefly explain the theories of penal liabilities.
- Q7)** Discuss the contribution of American Realism to the development of law.
- Q8)** Define an Act and wrongful Act. Differentiate between two classes of wrongful Act.
- Q9)** Explain the structure and functions of a duty and its enforceability.
- Q10)** Answer any TWO of the following:
- a) Duress as a defence to the charge of murder.
 - b) Independent contractor’s liability.
 - c) Sanction.
 - d) Causation.

Total No. of Questions : 10]

D1235CL

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year)

Administrative Process-Nature and Scope

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any Five questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Discuss the Parliamentary control over the delegated legislation.
- Q2)** Discuss the rule of law under the Indian Constitution.
- Q3)** What is delegated legislation? Discuss the reasons for the growth of delegated legislation.
- Q4)** Discuss the salient features of the Administrative Tribunals? What are the merits and demerits of Administrative Tribunals?
- Q5)** The discretionary power conferred on the administrative authority must be exercised within the limits, exceeds the limits it is said to be ultravines - Discuss.
- Q6)** Discuss the various kinds of remedies and reliefs that Administrative law provides to the aggrieved against an illegal administrative action.
- Q7)** Three machinery of the Government in a free democracy must be kept separate and exercised by separate organs of the Government - Discuss.
- Q8)** Discuss in detail on french Administrative courts and compare it with Tribunals in India?
- Q9)** Discuss the judicial control over the Tribunals.
- Q10)** On what basis a state is, characterised as 'Police State' and 'Welfare State' What are the reasons for the growth of Administrative law in Welfare State?

Total No. of Questions : 10]

D1236CL

LL.M. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE/JULY - 2019

(First Year)

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS AND JUDICIAL CONTROL

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Answer any FIVE Questions
All questions carry equal marks

- Q1)** Write a critical note on nature and scope of Administrative Law and Administrative Process in India.
- Q2)** Examine doctrine of Rule of Law and its development in India and England.
- Q3)** What do you mean by delegated legislation? Discuss the factors leading to its growth. Also state the constitutional validity of delegated legislation.
- Q4)** Explain nature, scope and extent of Judicial Control of Administrative Actions through writs in India.
- Q5)** Discuss meaning, origin and main features of the Droit Administratif System in France.
- Q6)** Discuss the necessity, Utility and suitability of the Institution of 'Ombudsman' in India?
- Q7)** Compare analytically the evolution of Administrative Law in England and France.
- Q8)** Examine the importance and significance of the doctrine of Promissory Estoppel as an aspect of Administrative Law.
- Q9)** Write an essay on 'Principles of Natural Justice'.
- Q10)** Mention the necessity of Providing a Provision for 'special Leave to appeal' in India.

